Statement and Assumption

Directions to Solve

In each question below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Give answer

* (A) If only assumption I is implicit
* (B) If only assumption II is implicit
* (C) If either I or II is implicit
* (D) If neither I nor II is implicit
* (E) If both I and II are implicit.

**Q. Statement:**The State government has decided to appoint four thousand primary school teachers during the next financial year.

**Assumptions:**

1. There are enough schools in the state to accommodate four thousand additional primary school teachers.
2. The eligible candidates may not be interested to apply as the government may not finally appoint such a large number of primary school teachers.

Only assumption I is implicit

Only assumption II is implicit

Either I or II is implicit

Neither I nor II is implicit

Both I and II are implicit

**Q. Statement:**It is desirable to put the child in school at the age of 5 or so.

1. At that age the child reaches appropriate level of development and is ready to learn.
2. The schools do not admit children after six years of age.

Only assumption I is implicit

Only assumption II is implicit

Either I or II is implicit

Neither I nor II is implicit

Both I and II are implicit

**Q. Statement:**A warning in a train compartment - "To stop train, pull chain. Penalty for improper use Rs. 500."

**Assumptions:**

1. Some people misuse the alarm chain.
2. On certain occasions, people may want to stop a running train.

Only assumption I is implicit

Only assumption II is implicit

Either I or II is implicit

Neither I nor II is implicit

Both I and II are implicit

**Q. Statement:**Many historians have done more harm than good by distorting truth.

**Assumptions:**

1. People believe what is reported by the historians.
2. Historians are seldom expected to depict the truth.

Only assumption I is implicit

Only assumption II is implicit

Either I or II is implicit

Neither I nor II is implicit

Both I and II are implicit

**Q. Statement:**Despite less than normal rainfall in the catchment areas during the first two months of monsoon of the lakes supplying water to the city the authority has not yet affected any cut in the water supply to the city.

**Assumptions:**

1. The rainfall during the remaining part of the monsoon may be adequate for normal water supply.
2. The present water level of the lakes supplying water to the city may be adequate for normal supply.
3. Only assumption I is implicit
4. Only assumption II is implicit
5. Either I or II is implicit
6. Neither I nor II is implicit
7. Both I and II are implicit

**Q. Statement:**Despite poor services, the commutators have not complained against it.

**Assumptions:**

1. Generally, people do not tolerate poor services.
2. Complaints sometimes improve services.
3. Only assumption I is implicit
4. Only assumption II is implicit
5. Either I or II is implicit
6. Neither I nor II is implicit
7. Both I and II are implicit

Statement and Conclusion

 Directions to Solve

In each question below is given a statement followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You must assume everything in the statement to be true, then consider the two conclusions together and decide which of them logically follows beyond a reasonable doubt from the information given in the statement.

Give answer:

* (A) If only conclusion I follows
* (B) If only conclusion II follows
* (C) If either I or II follows
* (D) If neither I nor II follows and
* (E) If both I and II follow.

**Q. Statements:**In a one-day cricket match, the total runs made by a team were 200. Out of these 160 runs were made by spinners.

**Conclusions:**

1. 80% of the team consists of spinners.
2. The opening batsmen were spinners.

Only conclusion I follows

Only conclusion II follows

Either I or II follows

Neither I nor II follows

Both I and II follow

**Q. Statements:**Government has spoiled many top-ranking financial institutions by appointing bureaucrats as Directors of these institutions.

**Conclusions:**

1. Government should appoint Directors of the financial institutes taking into consideration the expertise of the person in the area of finance.
2. The Director of the financial institute should have expertise commensurate with the financial work carried out by the institute.

Only conclusion I follows

Only conclusion II follows

Either I or II follows

Neither I nor II follows

Both I and II follow

**Q. Statements:**Wind is an inexhaustible source of energy and an aerogenerator can convert it into electricity. Though not much has been done in this field, the survey shows that there is vast potential for developing wind as alternative source of energy.

**Conclusions:**

1. Energy by wind is comparatively newly emerging field.
2. The energy crisis can be dealt by exploring more in the field of aero-generation.
3. Only conclusion I follows
4. Only conclusion II follows
5. Either I or II follows
6. Neither I nor II follows
7. Both I and II follow

**Q. Statements:**The average number of persons per household is 5 in urban areas whereas it is 7 in rural areas. The national average is 6.

**Conclusions:**

1. The population per unit area in the rural areas is higher than in the urban areas.
2. More persons live in the same household in the rural areas as compared to those in the urban areas.
3. Only conclusion I follows
4. Only conclusion II follows
5. Either I or II follows
6. Neither I nor II follows
7. Both I and II follow

**Cause and Effect**

Directions to Solve

In each of the following questions, two statements numbered I and II are given. There may be cause and effect relationship between the two statements. These two statements may be the effect of the same cause or independent causes. These statements may be independent causes without having any relationship. Read both the statements in each question and mark your answer as

* (A) If statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect;
* (B) If statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect;
* (C) If both the statements I and II are independent causes;
* (D) If both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes; and
* (E) If both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause.

**Q. Statements**

1. The government has recently fixed the fees for professional courses offered by the unaided institutions which are much lower than the fees charged last year.
2. The parents of the aspiring students launched a severe agitation last year protesting against the high fees charged by the unaided institutions.
3. Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect
4. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect
5. Both the statements I and II are independent causes
6. Both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes
7. Both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause

**Q. Statements**

1. The prices of petrol and diesel in the domestic market have remained unchanged for the past few months.
2. The crude oil prices in the international market have gone up substantially in the last few months.
3. Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect
4. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect
5. Both the statements I and II are independent causes
6. Both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes
7. Both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause

**Q. Statements**

1. All the schools in the area had to be kept closed for most part of the week.
2. Many parents have withdrawn their children from the local schools.

Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect

Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect

Both the statements I and II are independent causes

Both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes

Both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause

Statement and Argument

Directions to Solve

Each question given below consists of a statement, followed by three or four arguments numbered I, II, III and IV. You have to decide which of the arguments is/are 'strong' arguments) and which is/are 'weak' arguments) and accordingly choose your answer from the alternatives given below each question.

**Q. Statement:**Should people with educational qualification higher than the optimum requirements be debarred from seeking jobs?

**Arguments:**

1. No. It will further aggravate the problem of educated unemployment.
2. Yes. It creates complexes among employees and affects the work adversely.
3. No. This goes against the basic rights of the individuals.
4. Yes. This will increase productivity.

Only I and III are strong

All are strong

Only II and IV are strong

Only III is strong

None of these

**Q. Statement:**Should education be made compulsory for all children up to the age of 14?

**Arguments:**

1. Yes. This will help to eradicate the system of forced employment of these children.
2. Yes. This is an effective way to make the entire population educated.
3. No. We do not have adequate infrastructure to educate the entire population.
4. Yes. This would increase the standard of living.

All are strong

Only I, II and III are strong

Only I, II and IV are strong

Only II is strong

Only II and III are strong

Course of Action

Directions to Solve

In each question below is given a statement followed by three courses of action numbered I, II and III. You must assume everything in the statement to be true, then decide which of the three given suggested courses of action logically follows for pursuing.

**Q. Statement:**Poverty is increasing because the people, who are deciding how to tackle it, know absolutely nothing about the poor.

**Courses of Action:**

1. The decision makers should go to the grass root levels.
2. The decision makers should come from the poorer sections of the society.
3. A new set of decision makers should replace the existing one.
4. Only I follow
5. Only II follow
6. Only either I or III follow
7. All follow

**Q. Statement:**There is an unprecedented increase in the production of wheat this kharif season in most parts of the country.

**Courses of Action:**

1. The government should immediately lower down the procurement price of wheat.
2. The farmers should be asked to store the excess produces with themselves to be used for future.
3. The government should make its best efforts to export wheat to augment its presence in international market.
4. Only I and II follow
5. Only II and III follow
6. Only I and III follow
7. All follow
8. None of these

Theme Detection - Theme Detection

 Directions to Solve

Each of the following questions contains a small paragraph followed by a question on it. Read each paragraph carefully and answer the question given below it.

Due to enormous profits involved in smuggling, hundreds of persons have been attracted towards this anti-national activity. Some of them became millionaires overnight. India has a vast coastline both on the Eastern and Western Coast. It has been a heaven for smugglers who have been carrying on their activities with great impunity. There is no doubt, that from time-to-time certain seizures were made by the enforcement authorities, during raids and ambush but even allowing these losses the smugglers made huge profits.  
  
The passage best supports the statement that

1. smuggling hampers the economic development of a nation.
2. smuggling ought to be curbed.
3. authorities are taking strict measures to curb smuggling.
4. smuggling is fast increasing in our country owing to the quick profit it entails.

One of the important humanitarian by-products of technology is the greater dignity and value that it imparts to human labour. In a highly industrialized society, there is no essential difference between Brahmin and Dalit, Muslim and Hindu; they are equally useful and hence equally valuable for in the industrial society individual productivity fixes the size of the pay cheque and this fixes social status.  
  
The passage best supports the statement that:

1. technology decides individual's social status.
2. castes and religions are man-made.
3. human labour has dignity and value.
4. all individuals, irrespective of caste and creed, are born equal
5. industrial society is a great leveller of men.